AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1-50. (Canceled)
- 51. (Currently Amended) A method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions in a subject in need thereof comprising administering a transplant acceptance-inducing cell <u>derived</u> from a donor to said subject in need thereof, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell <u>has</u> expresses a CD3 antigen and a CD14 antigen on the cell surface.
- 52. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 51, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is in a cell preparation comprising a suitable culture medium.
- 53-73. (Canceled)
- 74. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 51, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is of human origin.
- 75. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 52, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is of human origin.
- 76. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 51, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell further expresses an antigen capable of binding to a monoclonal antibody generated by hybridoma cell line, GM-7, deposited under DSM Accession No. ACC2542.
- 77. (Previously Presented) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 75, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell further expresses an antigen capable of binding to a monoclonal antibody generated by hybridoma cell line, GM-7, deposited under DSM Accession No. ACC2542.

- 78. (Withdrawn) A method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions in a subject in need thereof comprising administering a transplant acceptance-inducing cell to said subject, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell overexpresses Foxp3 compared to a monocyte cell.
- 79. (Withdrawn Currently Amended) A method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions in a subject in need thereof comprising administering a transplant acceptance-inducing cell derived from a donor to said subject, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell overexpresses CTLA4 compared to a monocyte cell.
- 80. (Withdrawn Currently Amended) A method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions in a subject in need thereof comprising administering a transplant acceptance-inducing cell derived from a donor to said subject, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell overexpresses Integrin α_Eβ₇ compared to a monocyte cell.
- 81. (Withdrawn) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 78, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell expresses at least 1 x 10⁻⁹ μg Foxp3-RNA per μg total RNA.
- 82. (Withdrawn) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 79, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell expresses at least $5 \times 10^{7} \, \mu g$ CTLA4-RNA per μg total RNA.
- 83. (Withdrawn) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 80, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell expresses at least 1 x 10^{-12} µg Integrin $\alpha_E\beta_7$ -RNA per µg total RNA.

- 84. (Previously Presented) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 75, wherein said cell preparation comprises a multitude of said transplant-acceptance inducing cells in a quantity of about 5×10^5 to 5×10^6 cells per ml of suitable culture medium.
- 85. (Previously Presented) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 77, wherein said cell preparation comprises a multitude of said transplant-acceptance inducing cells in a quantity of about 1×10^8 to 1×10^8 cells per ml of suitable culture medium.
- 86. (Previously Presented) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 52, wherein said suitable culture medium comprises a physiologically well-tolerated medium selected from the group consisting of Ringer solution, physiological saline and 5 to 20% human albumin solution.
- 87. (Previously Presented) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 51, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is derived from an allogeneic monocyte.
- 88. (Previously Presented) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 51, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is derived from an xenogeneic monocyte.
- 89. (Previously Presented) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 52, wherein said cell preparation further comprises a lymphocyte.
- 90. (Currently Amended) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 89, wherein said lymphocyte is <u>co-cultivated with a transplant-acceptance inducing cell to obtain</u> a regulatory T-lymphocyte that <u>has expresses</u> a CD4 antigen and a CD25 antigen <u>on the</u> cell surface.

- 91. (Previously Presented) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 90, wherein said cell preparation comprises a multitude of said transplant acceptance-inducing cells that is about equal in number to a multitude of said regulatory T-lymphocytes.
- 92. (Previously Presented) The method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions of claim 91, wherein said multitude of said transplant acceptance-inducing cells and said multitude of said regulatory T-lymphocytes are each in a quantity of at least 1 x 10^5 cells per ml of suitable culture medium.
- 93. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 51, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is capable of being obtained by a process comprising:
 - a. <u>obtaining</u> isolating a monocyte, a <u>lymphocyte</u> and a <u>granulocyte</u> from the blood of said subject a <u>donor</u>;
 - multiplying said monocyte, <u>lymphocyte and granulocyte</u> in vitro in a suitable culture medium comprising macrophage-colony stimulating factor (M-CSF);
 - c. cultivating said monocytes, <u>lymphocytes and granulocytes</u> simultaneously with or following step b) in a culture medium <u>comprising containing</u> gamma-interferon (γ-IFN); and
 - d. separating said transplant acceptance-inducing cell of monocytic origin formed in step c) from said culture medium;
- wherein said lymphocytes and granulocytes in step (a) comprise from about 10% to 50% of the total population of cells in said culture medium.
- 94. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 93, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is obtained by a process comprising:
 - a. obtaining isolating a monocyte, a lymphocyte and a granulocyte from the blood of said subject a donor:
 - multiplying said monocyte, <u>lymphocyte and granulocyte</u> in vitro in a suitable culture medium comprising macrophage-colony stimulating factor (M-CSF);

- c. cultivating said monocytes, lymphocytes and granulocytes simultaneously with or following step b) in a culture medium comprising containing gamma-interferon (γ-IFN); and
- d. separating said transplant acceptance-inducing cell of monocytic origin formed in step c) from said culture medium;
- wherein said lymphocytes and granulocytes in step (a) comprise from about 10% to 50% of the total population of cells in said culture medium.
- 95. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 93, wherein the M-CSF concentration in said suitable culture medium comprising M-CSF is 1 to 20 µg/ml µg/L.
- 96. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 93, wherein said culture medium containing y-IFN has a y-IFN concentration of 0.1 to 20 ng/ml.
- The method according to claim 93, further comprising a 97. (Currently Amended) lymphocyte comprising at least about 10% to 50% of the total population of cells in said culture medium of step d).
- 98. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 89, wherein said lymphocytes and granulocytes comprise comprises at least about 10% to 50% of the total population of cells in said cell preparation.
- 99. (Currently Amended) A method for the suppression of transplant rejection reactions in a subject in need thereof comprising administering a transplant acceptance-inducing cell derived from a donor to said subject in need thereof, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is obtained by a process comprising:
 - a. obtaining isolating a monocyte, a lymphocyte and a granulocyte from the blood of said subject a donor;
 - b. multiplying said monocyte, lymphocyte and granulocyte in vitro in a suitable

culture medium comprising macrophage-colony stimulating factor (M-CSF);

- c. cultivating said monocytes, <u>lymphocytes and granulocytes</u> simultaneously with or following step b) in a culture medium <u>comprising containing</u> gamma-interferon (γ-IFN): and
- d. separating said transplant acceptance-inducing cell of monocytic origin formed in step c) from said culture medium;
- wherein said lymphocytes and granulocytes in step (a) comprise from about 10% to 50% of the total population of cells in said culture medium.
- 100. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 51, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is administered to said subject prior to a transplantation of an organ in said subject.
- 101. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 51, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is administered to said subject following a transplantation of an organ in said subject.
- 102. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 51, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is administered to said subject prior to a transplantation of an organ in said subject, and another transplant acceptance-inducing cell is administered to said subject following said transplantation.
- 103. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 100, wherein said organ is selected from the group consisting of a heart, a kidney, a liver, and skin.
- 104. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 100, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is administered to said subject up to 1 day or 7 days prior to said transplantation of said organ.

Application No. 10/520,931 Bernd Karl Friedrich KREMER *et al.* Page 9

105. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 101, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is administered to said subject up to 7 days or 10 days following said transplantation of said organ.

106. (New) The method according to claim 100, wherein said transplant acceptance-inducing cell is administered to said subject approximately one week prior to said transplantation of said organ.